

Functional versus Culprit-only Revascularization in Elderly Patients with Myocardial Infarction and Multivessel Disease: the FIRE Trial



1st birthday

Journal Pre-proof

Physiology-guided revascularization versus optimal medical therapy of non-culprit lesions in elderly patients with myocardial infarction: Rationale and design of the FIRE trial

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Our Roadmap – before COVID19



Start enrolment August 2019

Methodological Manuscript November 2019

Italy-Poland-Spain FIRE meeting EuroPCR (May) 2020

700° enrolled patient May 2020 (EuroPCR ???)

End enrolment December 2020

End primary endpoint follow-up December 2021

Main result presentation/publication ESC (August) 2022

Subanalyses, substudies, extended follow-up 2022-2026



Our Roadmap — after/during COVID19



Start enrolment August 2019

Methodological Manuscript August 2020

700° enrolled patient October 2020

End enrolment August 2021

End primary endpoint follow-up August 2022

Main result presentation/publication ESC (August) 2023

Subanalyses, substudies, extended follow-up 2023-2027



Why FIRE trial is needed



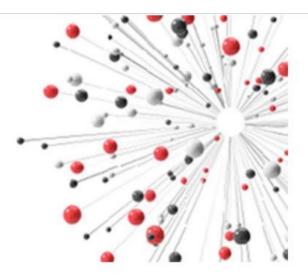
The Digital Experience

Bringing the world of cardiology together

29 August to 1 September

#ESCcongress





What do they say regarding the topic of the fire trial?

13 Gaps in evidence for non-ST-segment elevation acute coronary syndrome care and future research

Gaps in NSTE-ACS Care	Needed RCTs
TIMING OF ANGIOGRAPHY AND REVASCULARIZATION STRAT	TEGIES
Mainly due to difficulties in enrolment, older patients have been under-rep- resented in clinical trials of invasive strategies for NSTE-ACS patients.	Multicentre RCTs evaluating the safety and effectiveness of different treat- ment strategies in sufficient numbers of older NSTE-ACS patients.
It remains unclear whether coronary revascularization of the presumed cul- prit lesion only or complete revascularization in NSTE-ACS patients should be attempted.	RCTs of PCI of the presumed culprit lesion only based on non-invasive imaging and/or coronary angiography vs. complete revascularization with PCI (or CABG).
The value of haemodynamic assessment based on FFR of non-culprit lesions to guide complete revascularization in the NSTE-ACS setting remains unclear.	Patients presenting with NSTE-ACS and multivessel disease randomized to PCI as indicated with vs. without FFR of non-culprit lesions.





Current status



AN OVERVIEW ON ITALY (n=18)

CENTERS ACTIVE FROM TARGET N° OF PATIENTS ENROLLED % ACHIEVED FERRARA 18/07/2019 60 181 100% REGGIO EMILIA 30/08/2019 53 118 100% TORINO RIVOLI 12/11/2019 43 35 81% MESTRE 10/08/2020 5 4 80% BOLOGNA MAGGIORE 14/10/2019 47 35 75% RIMINI 28/10/2019 45 27 60% LA SPEZIA 25/08/2020 4 2 50% RAVENNA 04/11/2019 44 18 41% SIRACUSA 12/12/2019 39 14 36%					
REGGIO EMILIA 30/08/2019 53 118 100% TORINO RIVOLI 12/11/2019 43 35 81% MESTRE 10/08/2020 5 4 80% BOLOGNA 14/10/2019 47 35 75% MAGGIORE RIMINI 28/10/2019 45 27 60% LA SPEZIA 25/08/2020 4 2 50% RAVENNA 04/11/2019 44 18 41%	CENTERS	ACTIVE FROM	TARGET	PATIENTS	
TORINO RIVOLI 12/11/2019 43 35 81% MESTRE 10/08/2020 5 4 80% BOLOGNA 14/10/2019 47 35 75% MAGGIORE RIMINI 28/10/2019 45 27 60% LA SPEZIA 25/08/2020 4 2 50% RAVENNA 04/11/2019 44 18 41%	FERRARA	18/07/2019	60	181	100%
MESTRE 10/08/2020 5 4 80% BOLOGNA MAGGIORE 14/10/2019 47 35 75% RIMINI 28/10/2019 45 27 60% LA SPEZIA 25/08/2020 4 2 50% RAVENNA 04/11/2019 44 18 41%	REGGIO EMILIA	30/08/2019	53	118	100%
BOLOGNA MAGGIORE RIMINI 28/10/2019 45 27 60% LA SPEZIA 25/08/2020 4 2 50% RAVENNA 04/11/2019 44 18 41%	TORINO RIVOLI	12/11/2019	43	35	81%
MAGGIORE RIMINI 28/10/2019 45 27 60% LA SPEZIA 25/08/2020 4 2 50% RAVENNA 04/11/2019 44 18 41%	MESTRE	10/08/2020	5	4	80%
LA SPEZIA 25/08/2020 4 2 50% RAVENNA 04/11/2019 44 18 41%		14/10/2019	47	35	75%
RAVENNA 04/11/2019 44 18 41%	RIMINI	28/10/2019	45	27	60%
	LA SPEZIA	25/08/2020	4	2	50%
SIRACUSA 12/12/2019 39 14 36%	RAVENNA	04/11/2019	44	18	41%
	SIRACUSA	12/12/2019	39	14	36%



	CENTERS	ACTIVE FROM	TARGET	N° OF PATIENTS ENROLLED	% ACHIEVED
,	MODENA BAGGIOVARA	19/11/2019	42	14	33%
	MCH COTIGNOLA	10/01/2020	35	11	31%
5	GROSSETO	15/05/2020	17	5	29%
	PALERMO GIACCONE	20/02/2020	29	7	24%
	MADDALONI	28/11/2019	41	5	13%
)	AGRIGENTO	18/01/2020	34	5	14%
	CATANIA	25/05/2020	15	1	7%
	NAPOLI CARDARELLI				
	VERONA BORGO TRENTO				
	MESSINA				

POLICLINICO



AN OVERVIEW ON SPAIN (n=10)

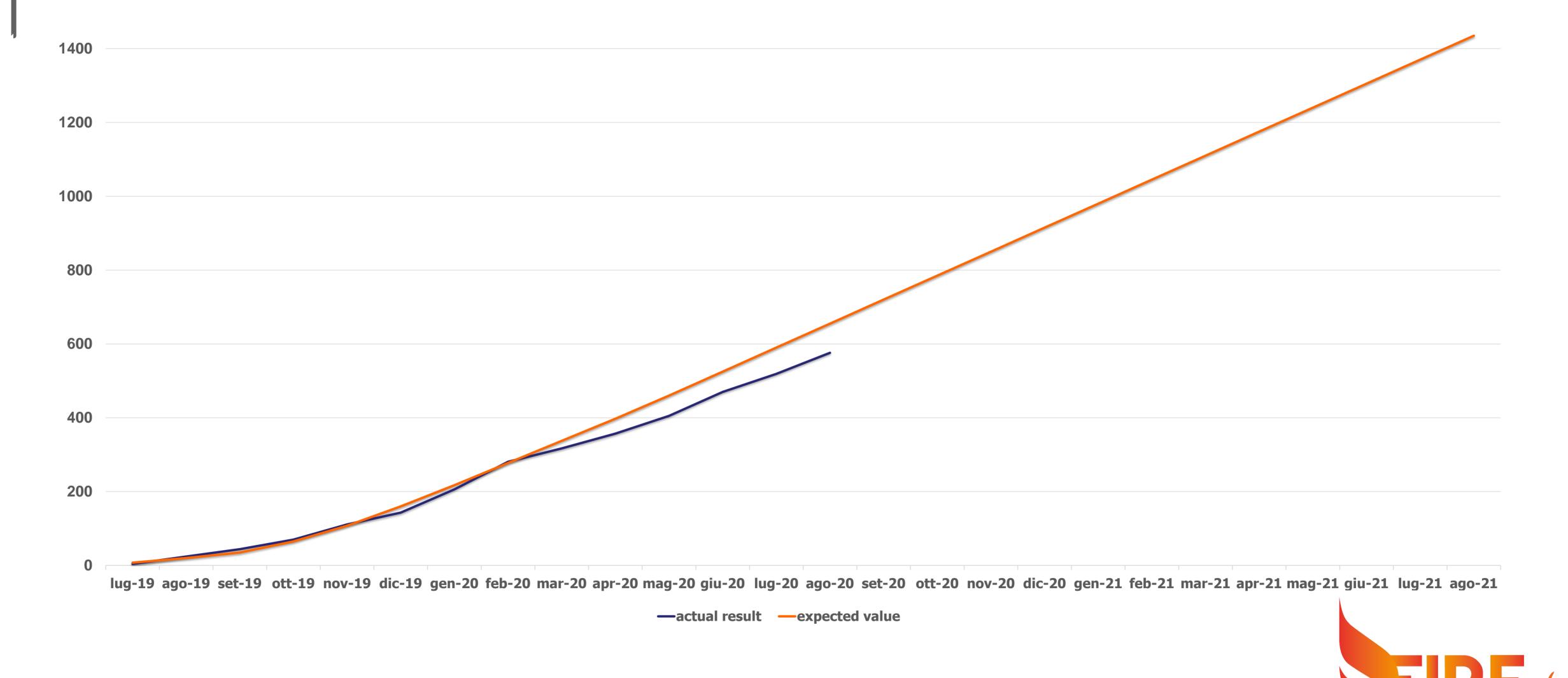
CENTERS	WEEKS IN ACTIVITY	TARGET	N° OF PATIENTS ENROLLED	% ACHIEVED
MADRID LA PAZ	22/10/2019	47	19	40%
VALENCIA	21/12/2019	38	14	37%
MADRID MARANON	13/08/2019	57	18	32%
VALLADOLID	25/07/2019	60	18	30%
SANTIAGO	03/10/2019	50	11	22%
MADRID HCS	31/07/2019	59	12	20%
VIGO	25/10/2019	47	6	13%
CIUDAD REAL	19/09/2019	52	4	8%
LA CORUNA	04/11/2019	49	4	8%
LUGO	01/10/2019	50	3	6%



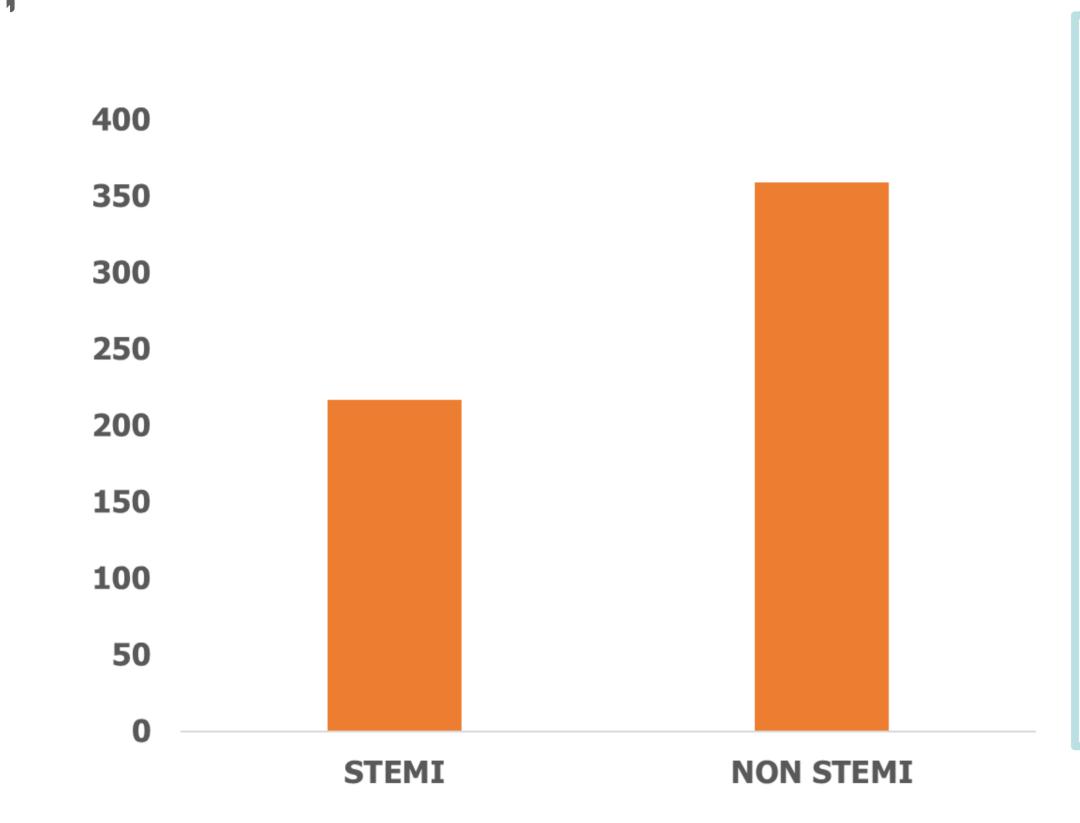


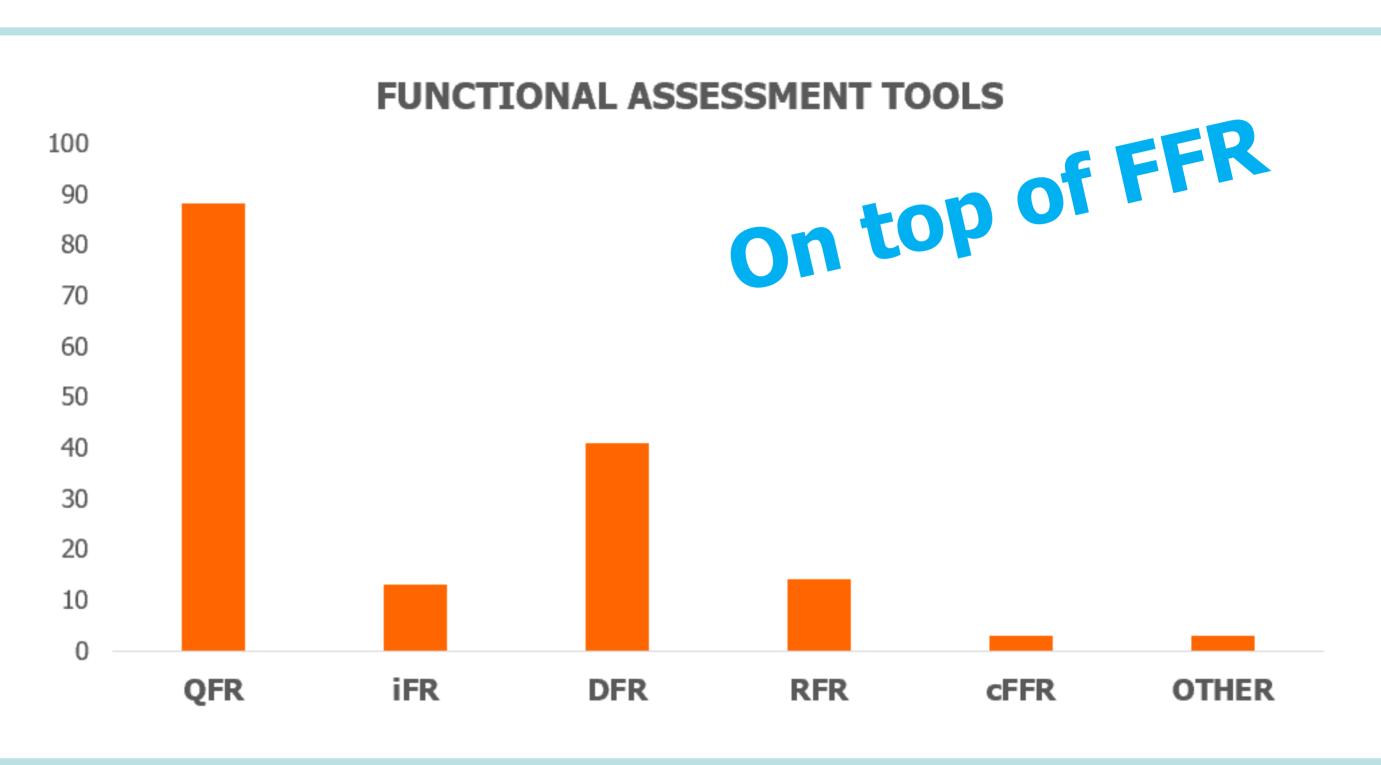
WHAT WE EXPECTED VS ACTUAL RESULT

1600



A FEW NUMBERS BY AUGUST 2020





ENROLLED PATIENTS	STEMI	NON STEMI
576	217	359



Monitoring of Adverse Events

PRIMARY ENDPOINT (JULY 2020) – MEDIAN FUP VALUE				
CUMULATIVE MONTHS OF FUP	N° OF PATIENTS ENROLLED	MEDIAN FUP VALUE		
2947	519	5,7		

SERIOUS ADVERSE EVENTS				
DEATH	ANY MI	STROKE	ANY REVASCULARIZATION	
17	7	3	4	

